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Accountability Some concepts & definitions

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Federal Department of Foreign Affairs FDFA

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC

Dipartimento federale degli affari esteri DFAE Direzione dello sviluppo e della cooperazione DSC

Departamento Federal de Asuntos Exteriores DFAE **Agencia Suiza para el Desarrollo y la Cooperación COSUDE**

Accountability

- Relation between State institutions with assigned public duties and people affected by their decisions & actions
- The obligation to inform, act transparently, to explain and justify decisions/actions.
- The right to get information and explanations, to check, and to render judgements on the conduct of those assigned with public responsibilities responsible
- Enforcement mechanisms

Key pillars of Accountability

- Information, transparency
- Answerability (explanations, justifications)
- Responsiveness & Enforceability (sanction, corrective measures, compensation)

Dimensions of Accountability

- Vertical and Horizontal
- External and Internal
- Formal and informal

Where do we come from: Long experience in social accountability

 Emerging from actions of citizens and efforts by governments to respond to such actions (service delivery gaps)

 Actions and tools that citizens, NGOs and media use (e.g. social audits, community score cards, participatory budgeting, public hearings, PETS, etc.)

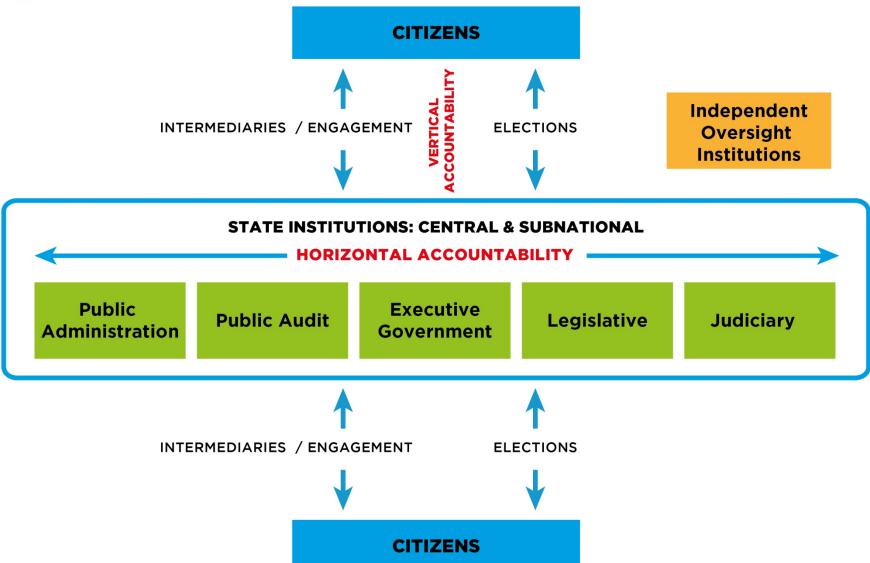
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Gaps & Challenges (ddlgn learning project)

- Access to qlty information & capacties to engage
- Exclusion, power relations (incl. cultural norms, elite capture)
- Enforcement (sanctions)
- Alignment with broad range of relevant actors & institutions
- Linking the local to the national level
- → This requires for a more systemic perspective to have greater impact & leverage
- → see also OECD/DAC orientations & principles, 2013 (blog)



ACCOUNTABILITY FROM A SYSTEMIC PERSPECTIVE



Systemic approach

- Open up perspective for multiple actors and institutions
 - Balanced & targeted support (avoiding capacity imbalances),
 - Inclusive: Marginalized, overlooked actors,
- Facilitate alliance building: comprehensive approach which supports linkages and connections among accountability actors (e.g. CSO budget monitoring & parliamentary investigations)
- Link to processes in managing public affairs, provision of services, (including judicial services) and support respective accountability functions

And being aware: it's fundamentally about politics & power

- Understanding the context
 - design politically informed interventions, starting from political reality and be realistic about reform space and timeframes
 - for greater risk assessment
- Awareness about limitations of external support: facilitation of enabling conditions, but authentic, locally owned initiatives for change
- DPs are an actor in the system! (we can distort)

What is SDC's possible role

- Helping to assess accountability gaps
- Empowering those responsible to account for and those claiming for accountability to assume their mutual accountability functions
- Facilitate inclusive spaces & processesfor dialogue and deliberation
- Electoral assistance for strengthening legitimacy & representativity of political institutions
- Facilitate alliance building among those demanding for accountability to be more powerful in their claims
- Help linking to policy reforms: Enabling rules & regulations (e.g. clear definition of responsibilities)